

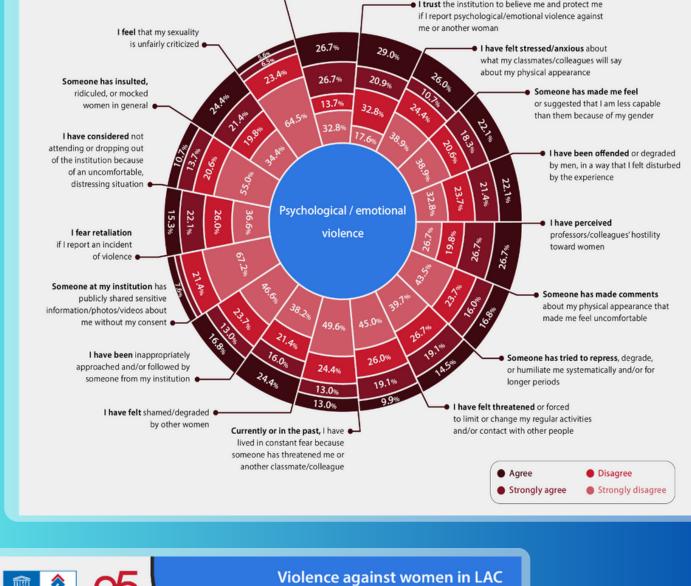
UNESCO IESALC REGIONAL PILOT SURVEY

FEMALE RESPONDENTS



I have experienced psychological/emotional violence at my institution I trust the institution to believe me and protect me if I report psychological/emotional violence against me or another woman

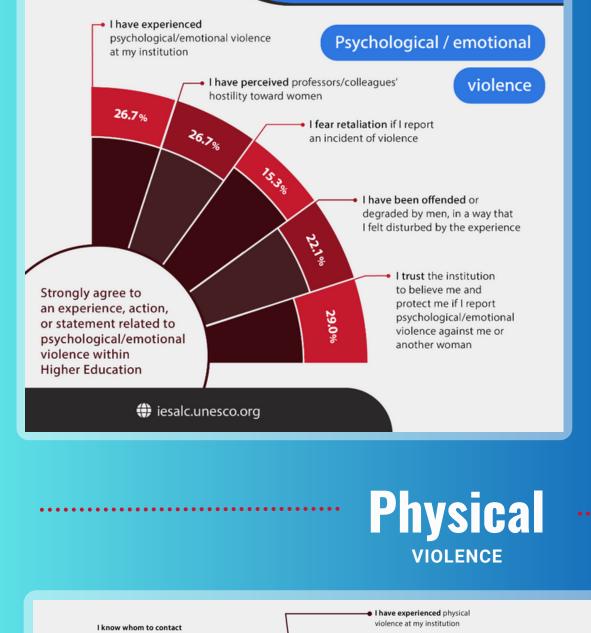
VIOLENCE



higher education institutions

A survey reveals whether and how women experience violence in higher education institutions, and the availability

of institutional mechanisms to address this issue



at my institutions if I have been physically attacked

Someone has thrown

objects (big or small) aimed at me

Someone has damaged

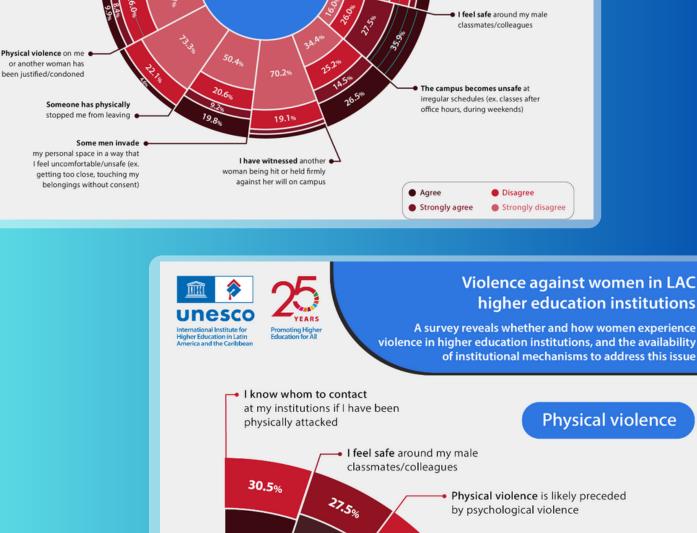
my belongings on purpose

I have felt physically unsafe on campus

Physical violence is likely preceded by psychological violence

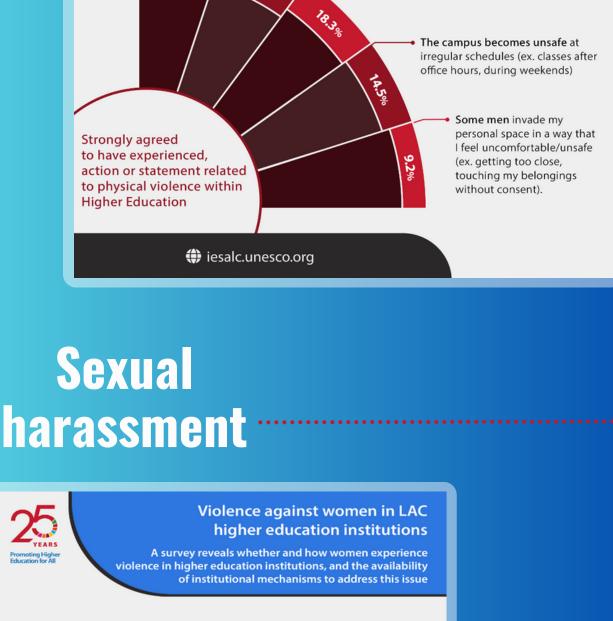
Someone has hit me or held me

firmly against my will on campus



Physical

violence



Rude or insulting language

Sex-related comments about your

physical characteristics or actions

Unnecessary physical contact,

including unwanted touching

or making comments toward you or women in general

Factors

Violence against women in LAC higher education institutions

A survey reveals whether and how women experience violence in higher education institutions, and the availability

of institutional mechanisms to address this issue

68

Lack of women representation

in decision-making

University does not

investigate and/or sanction

Male leaders are not interested in

addressing violence against women

Disagree

Strongly disagree

perpetrators of violence

66

64

61

79

78

INCREASING RISK OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE AND HARASSMENT IN

HIGHER EDUCATION

INSTITUTIONS

No knowledge on how to report sexual violence

Societal norms that reinforce women stereotypes

General tolerance and/or taboos regarding sexual violence

Weak or no sanctions to perpetrators

Hyper-masculine behaviours

Lack of sexual education

36 Being called by gender stereotypical 31 derogatory names 27

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Being told sexual jokes 64

Have you ever experienced any

of the following at your university?

YES

45

36

Societal norms that protect male sexual entitlement 54

Lack of institutional support to women 45

Factors that most increase risk of sexual violence in HEIs * Number of responses iesalc.unesco.org **Institutional Violence FACTORS INFLUENCING WOMEN'S UNSAFENESS** Disconnection between national laws and university policies Lack of acknowledgement Disconnection between university of all types of violence 29.0% policies and students/staff conduct 28.2% ₹9.0₉ Absence of a university policy to 31.3% respond to violence against women 43.5%

25.2%

35.10

Priority to protect the institution's

Agree

Strongly agree

reputation over women's safety

28.2% 30.5% 33.6% 16.8% Traditional societal biases Lack of human and material resources of males against females (such as funding) to respond to the issue . reproduced by the institution 22.9% Institution blaming the women

20.6%

Institutional

violence

21.4%

Lack of gender sensitization

Lack of on-campus facilities

such as accommodation,

Poor reporting

mechanisms (

Lack of staff training

transportation, health care, and support services such as daycare/elderly care centers

events/programs •

32.1%

30.5%

TYPE OF VIOLENCE EXPERIENCED BY **RESPONDENTS IN THEIR** INSITUTIONS

Most prevalent

who suffered the violence

